

Assignment of 11th class 09.01.2026

Instructions: Dear students, we are sending you homework. You have to solve this work in your notebook in a neat and clean way. You have to submit this work after the opening of school to your subject teacher.

Sub :English Class: 11th Date:9th Jan,2025.

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:

Father and son, we both must live

On the same globe and the same land,

He speaks: I cannot understand

Myself, why anger grows from grief.

We each put out an empty hand,

Longing for something to forgive.

i. What emotions does the father feel?

ii. Explain: 'we each put out an empty hand'.

iii. What do they earn for?

2. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:

Silence surrounds us. I would have

Him prodigal, returning to

His father's house, the home he knew,

Rather than see him make and move

His world. I would forgive him too,

Shaping from sorrow a new love.

i. Name the poem and the poet.

ii. What does the father not want his son to do?

iii. What would the father do to shape a new love from sorrow?

ਜਮਾਤ 11ਵੀਂ

ਕਿਸੇ ਅਖਬਾਰ ਦੇ ਸੰਪਾਦਕ ਨੂੰ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੇ ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੜਕੀ ਟਰੈਫਿਕ ਦੀ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਨੂੰ ਸਲਝਾਉਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਗਟਾਏ ਗਏ ਹੋਣ।

Class 11 – Political Science

Chapter: Legislature

Some Learning Points

1. Legislature is the law-making organ of the government.
2. In India, the Parliament is the supreme legislative body.
3. The Indian Parliament consists of the President, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.
4. Lok Sabha represents the people and is directly elected.
5. Rajya Sabha represents the states and is a permanent house.
6. Legislature controls the executive through questions, motions and debates.
7. Parliament plays an important role in financial matters like passing the budget.
8. Committees of Parliament help in detailed examination of bills and policies.

* Written Work

4 Marks Questions

1. What is meant by Legislature? Mention its main functions.
2. State any four powers of the Indian Parliament.
3. Distinguish between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha (any four points).
4. Explain the role of the Speaker of the Lok Sabha.
5. What is Question Hour? Why is it important?

6 Marks Questions

1. Describe the composition and functions of the Indian Parliament.
2. Explain the law-making process in the Indian Parliament.

3. Discuss the importance of the Legislature in a democratic system.
4. Examine the role of Parliamentary Committees in the legislative process.
5. Explain how the Legislature exercises control over the Executed.


JANUARY 9, 2026
ECONOMICS
+1

Dear students

Read all the key details of chapter carefully and solve the following questions

CHAPTER: REVENUE

REVENUE

 Money received by a firm from sale of output

1. TOTAL REVENUE (TR)

Meaning: Total receipts from sale of goods

Formula:

$$TR = \text{Price} \times \text{Quantity sold (P} \times \text{Q)}$$

Behaviour:

TR increases when sales increase

Depends on price elasticity of demand


2. AVERAGE REVENUE (AR)

Meaning: Revenue per unit of output

Formula:

$$AR = TR \div Q$$

Important Relationship:

 $AR = \text{Price}$

Shape of AR Curve:

Horizontal → Perfect Competition

Downward sloping → Monopoly / Monopolistic Competition

3. MARGINAL REVENUE (MR)

Meaning: Addition to total revenue by selling one extra unit

Formula:

$$MR = TR_n - TR_{n-1}$$

Key Features:

MR can be positive, zero or negative

MR curve lies below AR curve

4. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TR, AR & MR

When TR increases at increasing rate → MR rising

When TR increases at decreasing rate → MR falling

When TR is maximum → $MR = 0$

When TR decreases → MR is negative

5. AR & MR UNDER DIFFERENT MARKET CONDITIONS

✓ **Perfect Competition**

AR = MR = Price

AR & MR curves are horizontal

✓ Monopoly / Monopolistic Competition

AR slopes downward

MR lies below AR

To sell more → firm must reduce price

◆ 6.IMPORTANT POINTS

- AR curve is also demand curve of firm
- MR falls faster than AR
- TR is maximum when $MR = 0$
- $MR < AR$ due to price reduction on all units

✚ ONE-LINE SUMMARY

Revenue analysis helps a firm decide output level and profit maximisation.

Now use the following link to solve MCQs:

<https://forms.gle/wDBhRMdG4ksMYwLV6>

Math NCERT Chapter 11 | Exercise 11.2

Hints:

- Use standard forms $y^2 = 4ax$ or $x^2 = 4ay$.
- Identify axis correctly.

NCERT Hard Questions (Equation Form):

1. Find the equation of the parabola with focus $(1, -2)$ and directrix $x + 1 = 0$.
2. Find the equation of the parabola with vertex at origin and latus rectum = 8.
3. Find the equation of the parabola with axis along y-axis passing through $(2, 8)$.
4. Find the equation of the parabola with focus $(0, -3)$ and directrix $y = 3$.
5. Find focus and directrix of $x^2 = -16y$.

Quiz <https://www.propofs.com/quiz-school/ugc/story.php?title=ndu2mjm0oqzvzjz>

Assignment for 11th history 09.01.2026

Instructions for Students-

The quiz will be based only on the prescribed chapter covered in class.

Students must read the chapter thoroughly before participating.

Students should read carefully to the question before answering.

I am sending you assignment of 2 questions. You have to solve this work in your notebook in a neat and clean way. You have to submit this work after the opening of school to me.

1. Even high officials saw nothing wrong in depriving the native peoples of their land. This is seen by an episode in Georgia, a state in the USA. Officials had argued that the Cherokee tribe was governed by state laws, but could not enjoy the rights of citizens. (This was despite the fact that, of all the native peoples, the Cherokees were the ones who had made the most effort to learn English and to understand the American way of life; even so they were not allowed the rights of citizens.) In 1832, an important judgment was announced by the US Chief Justice, John Marshall. He said that the Cherokees were 'a distinct community, occupying its own territory in which the laws of Georgia had no force', and that they had sovereignty in certain matters. US President Andrew Jackson had a

reputation for fighting against economic and political privilege, but when it came to the Indians, he was a different person. He refused to honour the Chief Justice's judgment, and ordered the US army to evict the Cherokees from their land and drive them to the Great American Desert. Of the 15,000 people thus forced to go, over a quarter died along the 'Trail of Tears'. Those who took the land occupied by the tribes justified it by saying the natives did not deserve to occupy land which they did not use to the maximum. They went on to criticise them for being lazy, since they did not use their crafts skills to produce goods for the market, for not being interested in learning English or dressing 'correctly' (which meant like the Europeans). They deserved to 'die out', they argued. The prairies were cleared for farmland, and wild bison killed off. 'Primitive man will disappear with the primitive animal' wrote a visiting Frenchman.

2. There was always the hope that there was gold in North America. In the 1840s, traces of gold were found in the USA, in California. This led to the 'Gold Rush', when thousands of eager Europeans hurried to America in the hope of making a quick fortune. This led to the building of railway lines across the continent, for which thousands of Chinese workers were recruited. The USA's railway was completed by 1870, that of Canada by 1885. 'The old nations creep on at a snail's pace' said Andrew Carnegie, a poor immigrant from Scotland who became one of the first millionaire industrialists in the USA, 'the Republic thunders on at the speed of an express'. One reason why the Industrial Revolution happened in England when it did was because small peasants were losing their land to big farmers, and moving to jobs in factories. In North America, industries developed for very different reasons – to manufacture railway equipment so that rapid transport could link distant places, and to produce machinery which would make large-scale farming easier. Industrial towns grew and factories multiplied, both in the USA and Canada. In 1860, the USA had been an undeveloped economy. In 1890, it was the leading industrial power in the world.

1. "In the USA, as settlement expanded, the natives were induced or forced to move, after signing treaties selling their land." Explain the statement in eight points with the reference of The Native Peoples Lose their Land.
2. "There was always the hope that there was gold in North America." Explain the statement in eight points with the reference of The Gold Rush, and the Growth of Industries.
3. Link for quiz

<https://wayground.com/join?gc=64026854>